

UNIVERSITY OF CONNECTICUT

Fall 2024
Pre-Law Group Advising



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OFFICE OF
PRE-PROFESSIONAL
ADVISING



NEWSLETTER SIGNUP

Just scan and we'll add your email to our mailing list!



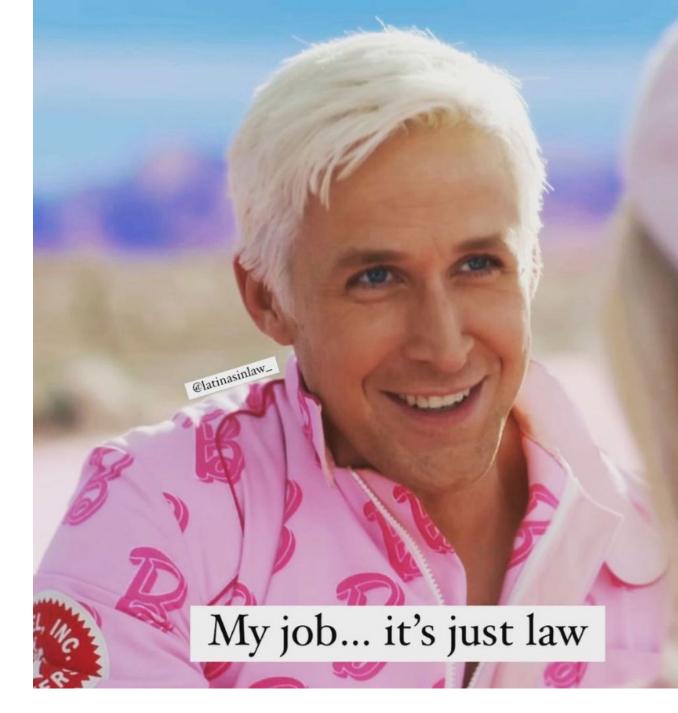
Topics & Goals

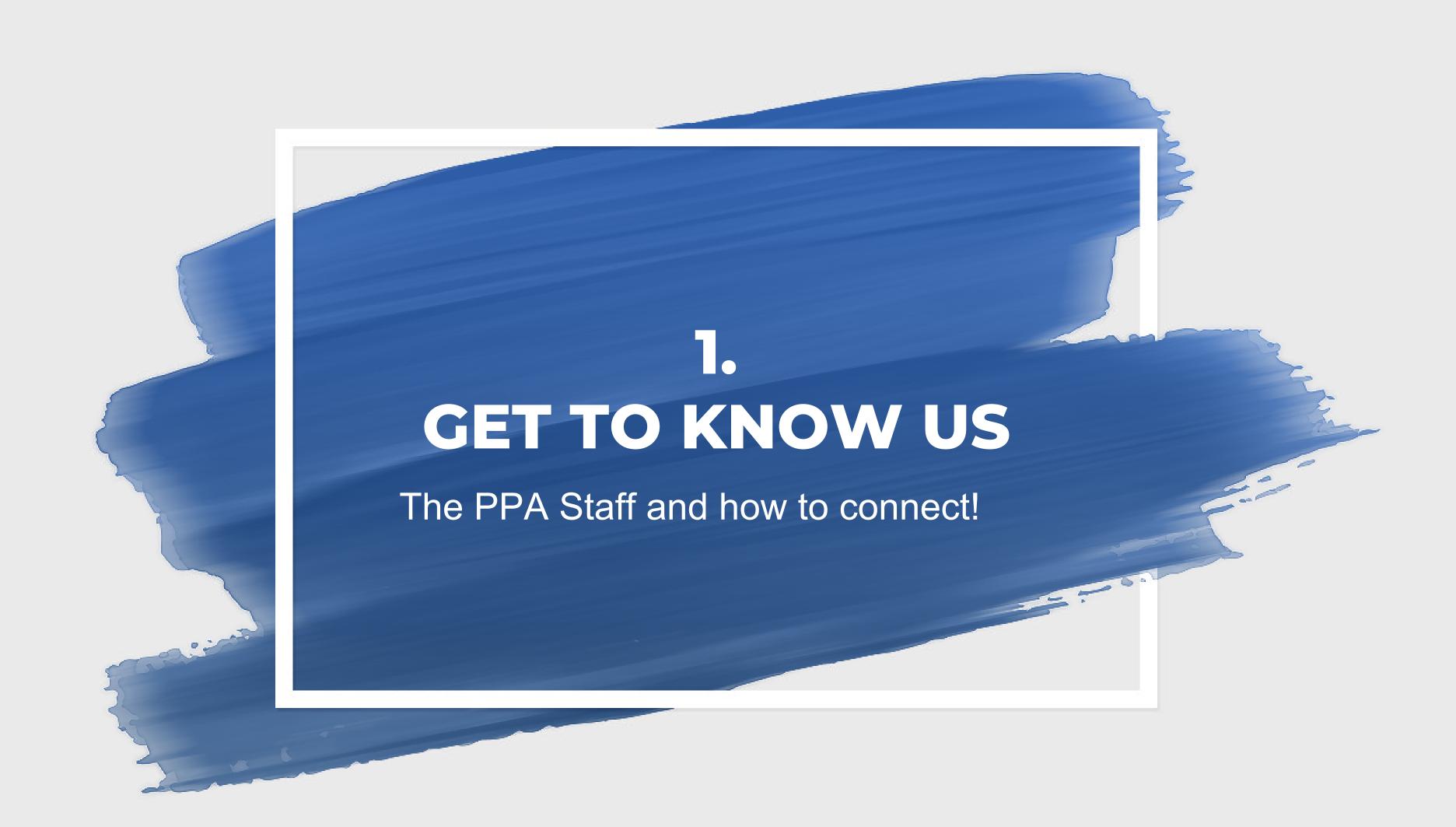
Topics:

- 1. Get to know us
- 2. Explor e
- 3. Prepare
- 4. Apply
- 5. Key Takeaways
- 6.Q&A

Goals:

- ★ Give you a comprehensive understanding of pre-law recommended coursework and law school applications
- ★ Provide information about the importance of cultivating cocurricular experiences
- ★ Connect you to resources so that you can get engaged at UConn and beyond





Office of Pre-Professional Advising



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Where are we?

- ROWE Building, 4th Floor
- Virtual Webex appts or drop-ins

How can you connect w/us?

- Join our newsletter!
- Website: prelaw.uc onn.edu
- prelaw@uconn.edu
- onn_prelaw
- Workshops, appts., drop-ins, etc...

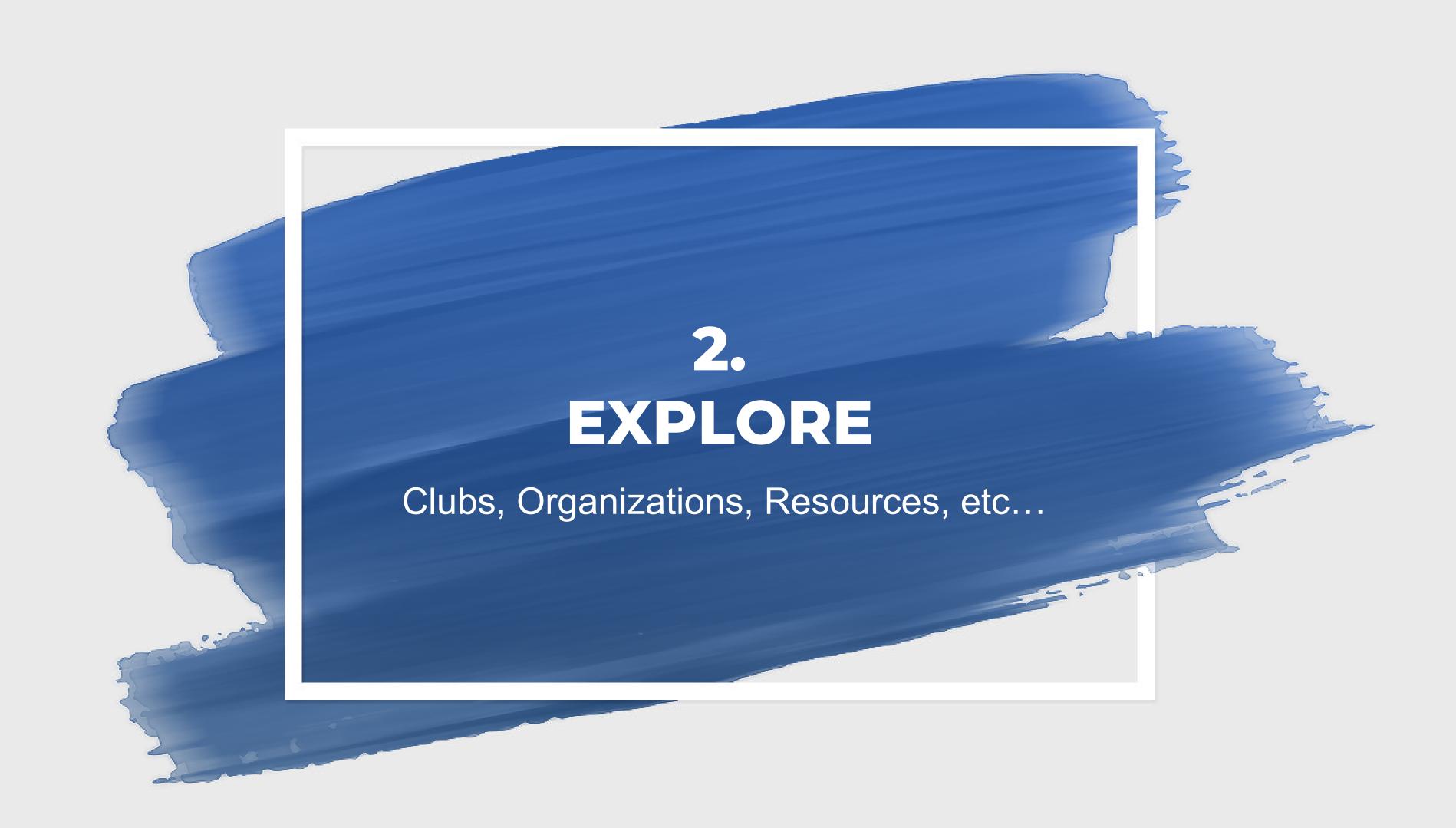
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How do I make a one-on-one appointment?

• Nexus

Drop-in advising (1) minutes or less)

- Mondays from Dam 2noon (In-Person; check-in outside of Rowe 403)
- Tuesdays from 1 hm 2 pm (Virtual via Webex)
- Wednesdays from 2pm -4pm (Virtual via Webex)
- Thursdays from 2pm -4pm (In-Person; check-in outside of Rowe 403)
- *All drop-in appts. should be limited to topics that can be covered in 0 minutes or fewer.*



Clubs + Organizations

- Develop or discover your passions
- Engage in community service
- Improve your teamwork and leadership skills
- Find an opportunity for networking
- Have fun!

The UConn Mock Trial Team, UConn Law Society, UConn
Empowering Women in Law, the National Black Law Students
Association-UConn chapter, USG, and UConn Moot Court (coming soon) are all law-related extracurriculars. You can also find more information at UConntact.



On-Campus Resources







- Strengthen your skills and readiness for law school
- Engage with the campus community
- Find fulfilling employment and/or research opportunities
- https://career.uconn.edu/





















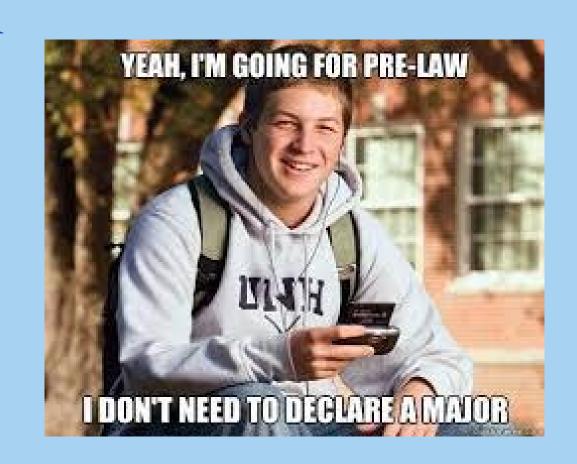




Choosing your Major

There is no correct "pre -law track" - you can major in anything as long as you perform well

- Common majors: Political Science, History, Economics, Philosophy, Psychology, English
- You CAN have a STEM major as a pre -law student! (ex. engineering majors can go on to be patent lawyers)





Pre-Law Course Recommendations

Mathematics / Statistics

MATH 1020Q: Problem Solving

MATH 1070Q: Math for Business & Economics

STAT 1000Q: Introduction to Statistics / STAT 1100Q: Elementary Concepts in Statistics

Philosophy / Sociology

PHIL 1102: Philosophy and Logic

PHIL 221Q: Symbolic Logic

PHIL 2215: Ethics

PHIL 2217: Social and Political Philosophy

SOCI 3823: The Sociology of Law - Global and Comparative Perspectives

English (any writing courses are helpful)

ENGL 3601: The English Language

ENGL 3633W: The Rhetoric of Political Discourse in Literature and Society

Economics

ECON 1200, 1201 and 1202: Microeconomics & Macroeconomics

ECON 1108: Game Theory

Communication

COMM 1100: Public Speaking

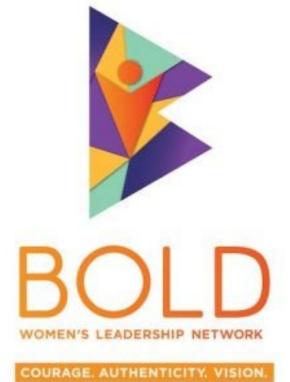


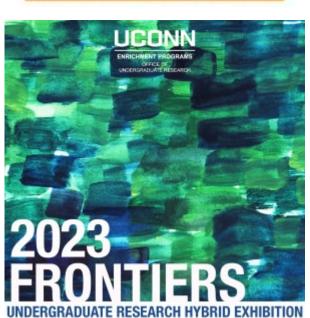
^{*}Any law-related courses from the History, Political Science, Sociology, Anthropology, etc.

Research/independent scholarship

- Research is not a requirement, but it is great experience and it can make you a more competitive law school applicant
- Research Opportunities:
 - Holster Scholars Program
 - Bennett RA Program
 - BOLD Women's Leadership Network
 - DEA Grant, SHARE Grant, CHANGE Grant
 - SURF Awards
 - Work-Study Research Assistant Program



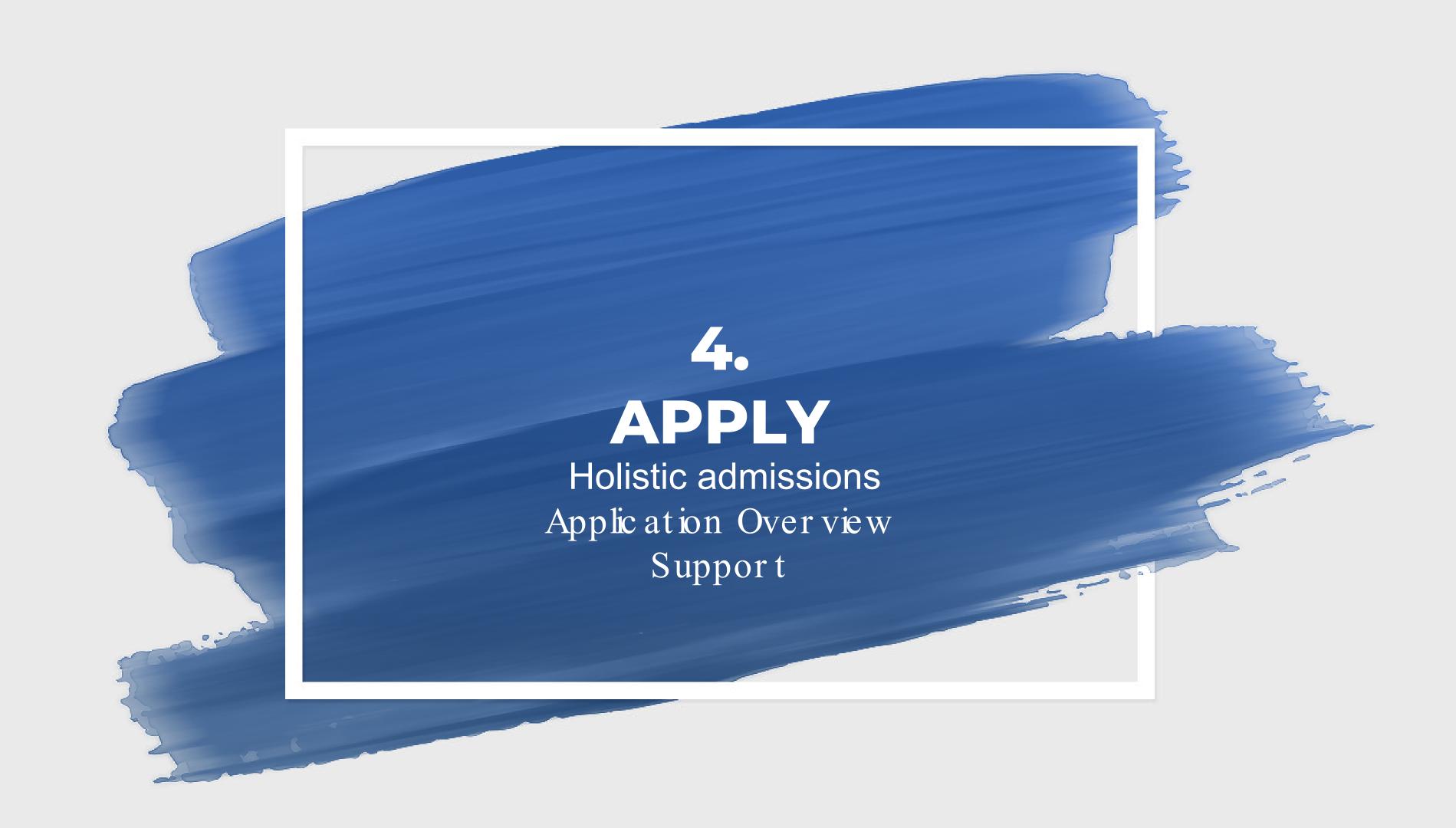












Holistic Admissions

- The majority of law schools take a holistic approach to admissions
- * "All files are holistically reviewed and each part of each file is taken into consideration."
 - UConn Law School
- Applications are evaluated as a whole admissions decisions are made based on multiple factors: recommendations, GPA, LSAT, personal statements, additional essays, etc.



Application Overview

Timeline

Applicants formally begin applying during the summer usually one year prior to when they plan to matriculate to law school. Most application deadlines are in Feb/March.

Rolling Admissions

Committees evaluate applications as they are received. For best chances of admission & financial aid - APPLY EARLY.

Aim for October/November, but only if application is truly complete. Don't submit a rushed application to have it in as early as possible, you have to consider what is best for you as an individual applicant.

Results

Some law schools will inform applicants of their admissions status in just a few weeks, others will take months. Be patient after submitting applications!



Applying to Law School Timeline

Important Things to Remember

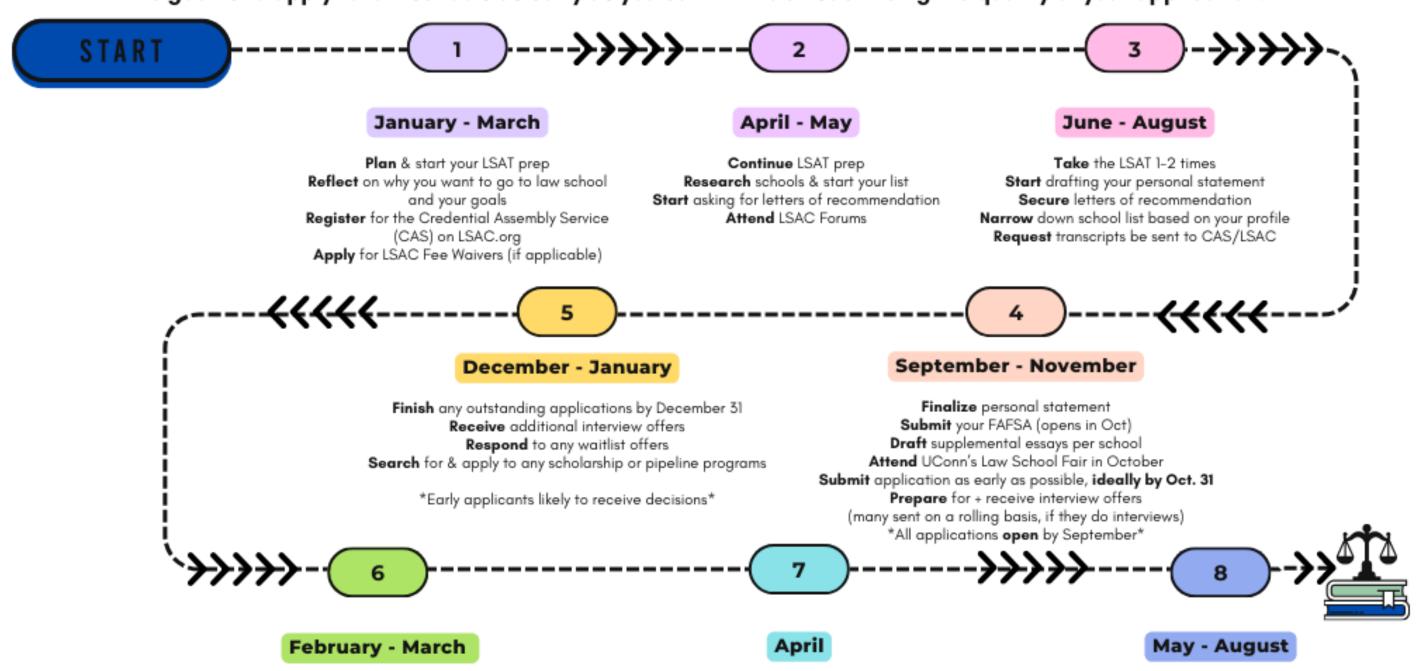
Everyone's journey looks different! This is just an example of an ideal timeline when applying to law schools.

The best time to start on law school applications is around a **year and a half** from your starting term.

(So, if you're starting law school in Fall 2025, you should get started around the beginning of the calendar year in 2024).

Starting early is especially important if you want to be a competitive applicant who applies early in the cycle.

The goal is to apply to law schools as early as you can WITHOUT sacrificing the quality of your application.





Receive all admissions decisions Attend admitted students events Continue to apply to scholarships If you receive multiple offers, weigh your options before you decide

Deposit deadlines are usually in April

Continue to follow up on waitlists

Waitlist offers can come as late as August Continue to follow up on waitlists and cultivate relationships with waitlist schools

Application Overview - LSAC

Main Application Components

Note - You can create an LSAC account any time (even if you're not applying yet)

★ Completed application

- LSAC's Credential Assembly Service (CAS) simplifies the law school application process for both candidates and law schools. With CAS, your transcripts, letters of recommendation, and any other documents required for each of your law school applications only need to be sent one time to LSAC.
- CAS subscription = \$207 and is good for 5 years
- Each school you apply to = \$45 + their application fee (if applicable)
- o Fee waivers! Learn more about LSAC's or specific schools!

★ GPA

- order transcript from the registrar; sent directly to LSAC through CAS
- LSAC converts your GPA to their scale, this GPA is used for apps.
- ★ LSAT score
- ★ Letters of recommendation
- ★ Your resume
- ★ Possibly, addenda
- ★ Your personal statement





Application Components - LSAT

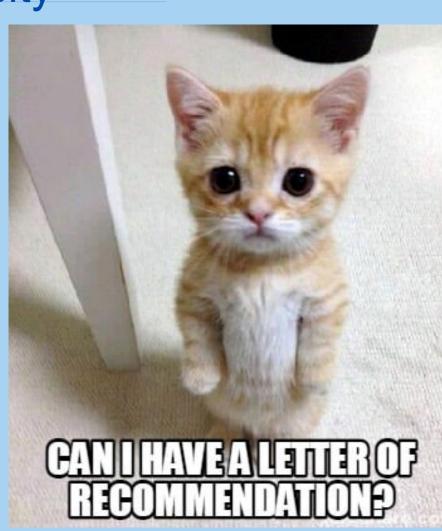
- How many times can Itake the LSAT?
 - Can take a maximum of 3 times in a single testing year
 - You are limited to 5 exams in 5 years
 - You have a lifetime limit of 7 exams in your life
 - Most applicants take the LSAT twice
 - May & June are popular dates since that gives time to retake in the fall if needed
- All of your LSAT scores are seen by law schools, unless you purchase the LSAT Preview for \$45 which allows you to see your score before it is reported
- LSAT Exam Overview:
 - Logic al Reasoning
 - Reading Comprehension
 - LSAT Argumentative (an unscored part of the LSAT, 50 mins)





Application Components - LORs Most law schools will require at least 3 Letters of Recommendation :

- - 2 from professors
 - 1 from someone outside your coursework or outside of the university
- The letters from professors should be from someone who:
 - knows you well
 - understands your strengths as a student
 - had you in class, researched with, or had some academic experience with
 - could be from any course (doesn't have to be law -related)
- The letter(s) from someone outside of the university:
 - NOT a family member
 - Boss at a job, internship supervisor, coordinator of volunteer program
 - Make sure the person writing the recommendation knows you well.
 - Don't submit a letter from a big name who doesn't truly know you



Application Components - Addenda

Addendum- An optional part of an application where applicants can explain anything that might not be clear.

Examples:

- Explaining a gap in a resume
- Explaining grades that are inconsistent with the rest of transcript
- Explaining a character and fitness issues
- Applicants MUST explain any run-ins with the law
 - Even speeding tickets need to be reported to law schools (not parking tickets)
 - It is better to over-compensate for legal issues by reporting ever discrepancy, regardless of how minor they may seem

Application Components - Personal Statement

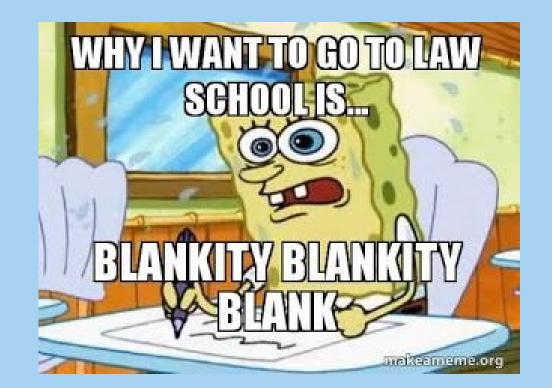
- Typically you can re -use the same personal statement for most applications, however, some schools may have specific questions they want you to address, therefore it is common to have to write multiple versions.
- Address questions like:
 - Who are you?
 - What are your interests?
 - Why do you want to go to law school?
 - What do you hope to do with a law degree?



- Your personal statement should be genuine and sound like you. Do not use it as an opportunity to use complicated legal jargon and show of f your vocabulary.
- Editing and revising is EXTREMELY important! Many people should read this.

Personal Statement - Resources

- → Writing Center
- Center for Career Development
- Faculty mentors



- hternship or work supervisors, especially if they are in the field
- Family or friends who can speak to your authenticity coming through

Gap/Growth Years

- The average age of a law student is 25, there is no rush to go straight to law school after completing undergrad
- Professional experience is highly valued by many law schools & can make your application much more competitive
- Everyone's journey to law school looks different, there is no "correct" way to navigate this process
- We recommend that students who intend to take growth years should ask for recommendations from professors before graduating, and stay in contact. It is often difficult for professors to write students good letters years later: professors may retire, go on sabbatical, not remember you, etc.

Some Data 2023 Cycle National Data

~61,300 applicant s 69.9% acceptan ce rate

For those accepted to law school...

~42,900 accepted

37,750 matricula nts **GPA range = 3.31 – 3.86** (25th – 75th percentile)

LSAT range = 152 – 165 (25th – 75th percentile)



2023 Application Cycle

Those who applied to attend law school starting Fall 2023.

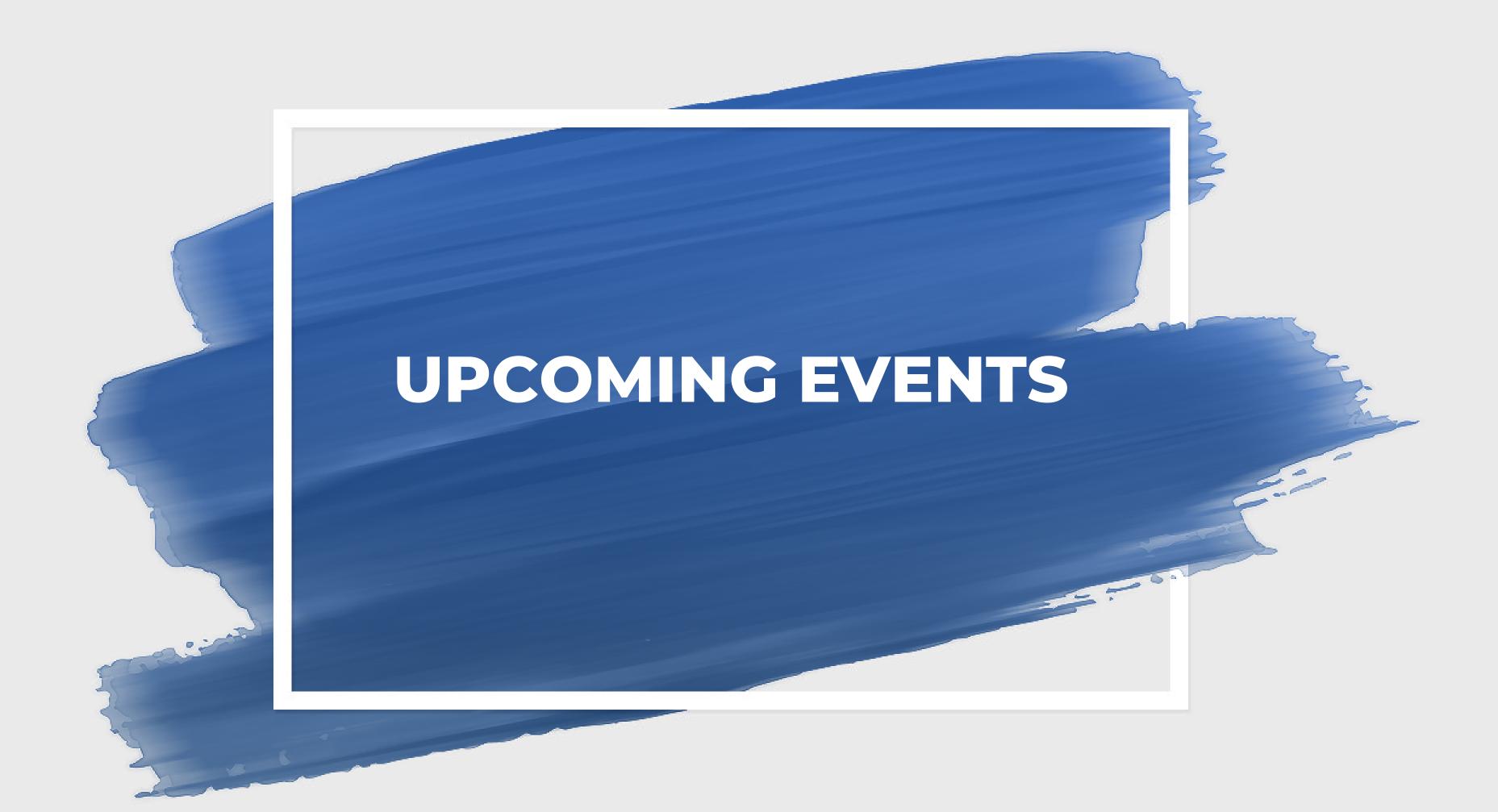
165 applied to law school for the 2023 cycle

- 129 were offered acceptance to 1+ law schools
- 114 matriculated
- The average number of law schools applied to was 7.7

UConn applicants' acceptance rate to a law school in 2023 = **78.2%** *this is 8.3% higher than the national acceptance rate*

For those admitted to a law school:

- Average age was 25
 - Ages ranged from 20 43
- Undergrad GPAs ranged from 2.0 4.0 with an ave. GPA of 3.54
- LSAT scores ranged from 144 175 with an average of 158.8



UConn Law School Fair

- → Wednesday October 16th
- + 2pm -3pm
- + Student Union Ballroom on the Storrs Campus
- → Learn more HERE!
- There will be over 40 representatives from colleges and universities across the country who are coming to connect with students, dialogue about opportunities in law, and provide resources regarding their specific schools.

UConn Law Admissions Events

- → Fall Open Houses (10/26 & 11/23)
- → Personal Statements Workshop (9/17)
- → LOR Workshop (D/)
- Addendum Workshop (D/5)
- Tips for \$t-Gen Students (D/29)
- Tips for Non-Traditional Students (1/2)
- + Paying for Law School (126)



RSVP & More Info Here!

Key Takeaways

- It's about the journey, not the destination.
- → Pursue your passions during undergrad major in what interests you!
- → Explore different academic opportunities and RESOURCES (like us ②)
 to get the most out of your undergraduate education
- ♦ Start planning early to ensure a smooth application process
- ◆ Everyone's journey to law school is different, there is no 'correct' way to navigate the process











Visit our website: prelaw.uc onn.edu if you want more information







Email us at prelaw@uconn.edu at any time with questions











